

#### Foreword

Marc McBride's wonderful cover paintings for the Deltora Quest series, and his illustrations in The Deltora Book of Monsters, have inspired thousands of children all over the world. I know from the letters I receive that many readers like to draw the monsters they meet in the books.

Now Marc has gone one step further. He has produced this book that shows exactly how he creates his masterpieces—so you can re-create them, too!

Emily Rodda

Emily Rodda

e draw to express our ideas and to show our ideas to other people. A drawing can also be a key to unlock our imagination and take us on a journey. There are no rules when it comes to drawing—everyone has a different style and method. The only real way to become better at drawing is to practise. If you go through each step in this book with me, you will end up with your very own set of Deltora monsters. Following these steps will also make it easier for you to

create your own.

When you colour each monster, think about what mood you want to express. Different colours can help achieve different effects—some colours make us feel happy, others sad.

Also, some are hot, and some are cold. There is no right or wrong about which colours you use. But there are two basic rules—colours get lighter as they get further away; and you should start with lighter colours before gradually adding the darker ones. Learn from your mistakes. For example, when I spilt green paint over a picture and dabbed it off with a cloth, I discovered a great new way to create trees! Like any journey, painting can be more fun when you don't know exactly where you are going. I never know what a painting will look like until it is finished.

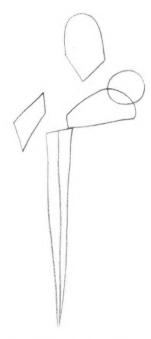
Come and have some fun drawing Deltora monsters with me.

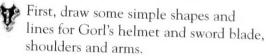
Marc McBride

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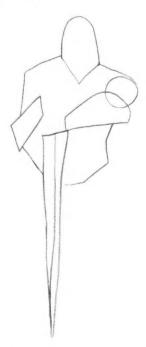
He guards the dark centre of Mid Wood in the Forests of Silence, slaying anyone who tries to enter his domain.



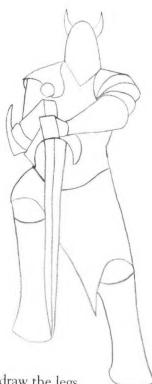




Now sketch in the gauntlets, shoulder armour and outline for the chain-mail tunic.



Draw in the upper torso (chest) area.



Next, draw the legs and boots, sword handle, shoulder detail and helmet horns.



Sketch in details of the helmet, gloves, belt and boots.



Add more detail to Gorl's armour and provide him with a place to stand.



Add shading and fine detail; for example, entwined Celtic vine shapes, the skull on the belt and the goat skulls on the kneecaps.

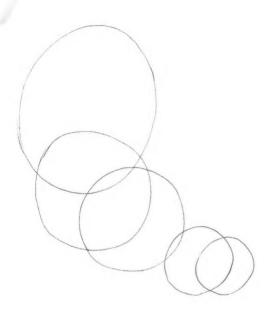
Sketch in a background.



Colour your drawing using yellows and browns, with white highlights to give a metallic look to the armour.

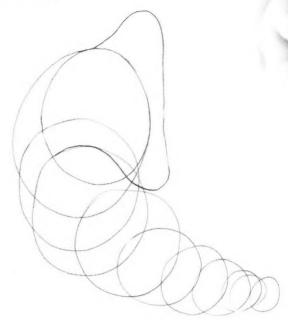




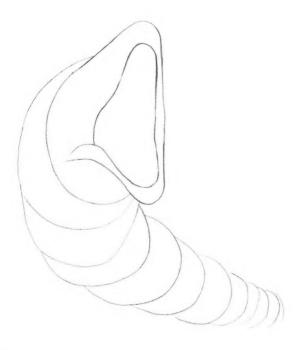




Draw a series of five overlapping circles, as shown.

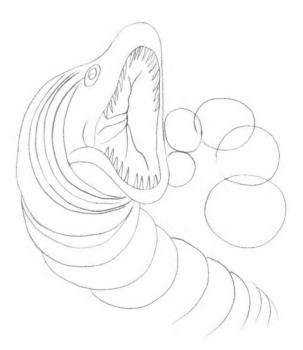


Draw in more circles, and add the outline of the gaping mouth.



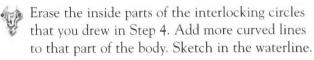


Erase the inside parts of the circles, so that a worm-like body begins to emerge. Add the inside line of the mouth.



Add the eye, teeth, inner mouth detail, and some semicircular lines to the side of the head. Draw more interlocking circles as shown these will become the back part of the body.







Add the spines to Soldeen's head and back. Add more detail to the mouth and jawline.



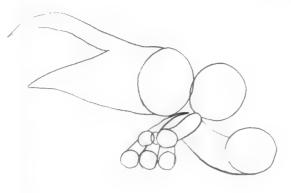
Draw membranes between the spines and more details to the head, adding spiky whiskers to the cheek. Draw in the surface of the lake.

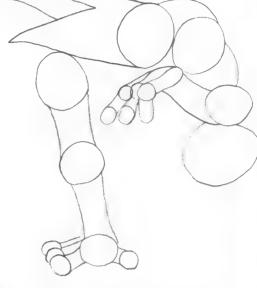


Add texture and shading, especially to the head and mouth. Colour Soldeen green, and add light yellow highlights to give a shimmering, eel-like lustre to the skin.

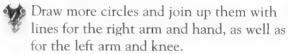


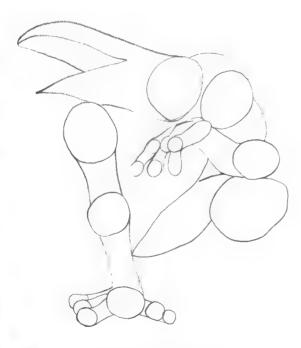




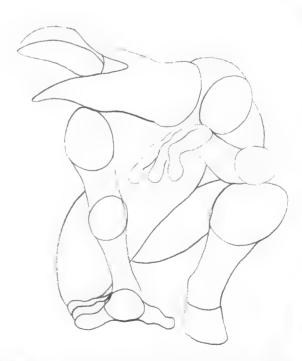


Begin with small circles and simple lines, to make an outline of the Vraal's head and left hand.



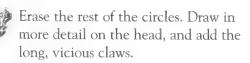


Finish the torso and left thigh.



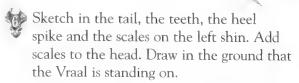
Erase the small pencil circles from the hands. Add detail to the mouth, and sketch in the legs.

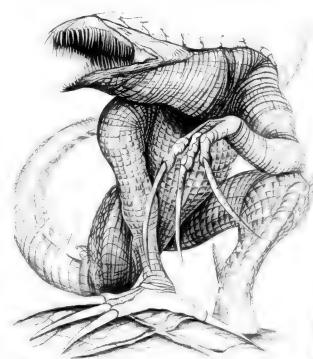




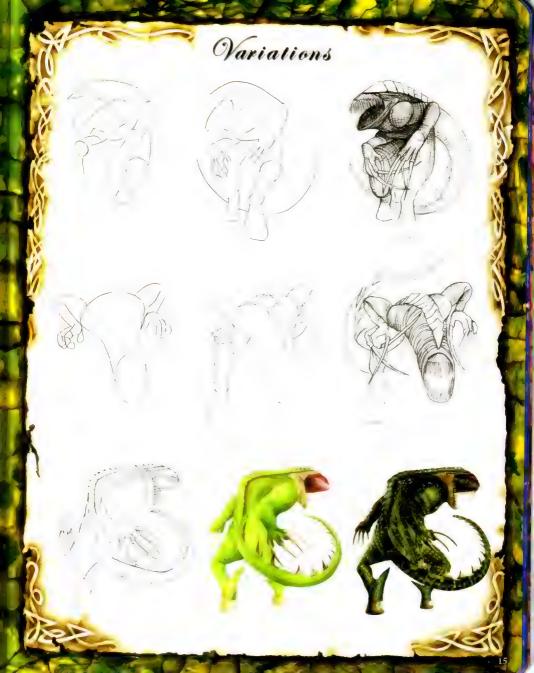


Add lots of criss-cross lines to bring out the Vraal's scaly, crocodile-like skin. Give your drawing texture by adding shading. Add background.





Add colour, using greens, browns and other earth colours that would provide the Vraal with camouflage in the Shadowlands.

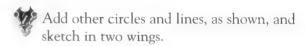








Start off by drawing five circles, some connecting lines and a little tail.





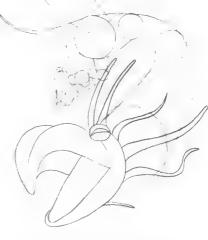
Insert another two interlocking circles to the front of the body. Erase the overlapped lines. Draw in the Ak-Baba's talons.



Add a shape for the mighty beak, and continue working on the talons.



Sketch in the bottom jaw. Add a small circle for the eye.



Begin the trailing frill of spines on the neck. Develop the ferocious eye.





Sketch in the wing feathers and the vulture-like hair at the base of the neck. Add spikes along the back and more frilly spines to the neck. Draw in detail to the mouth. Add more lines to the body.

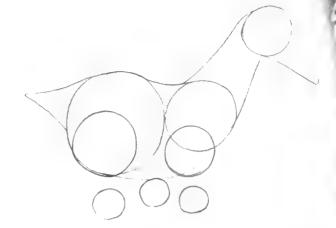


Add teeth, and more intricate details to the wing feathers. Complete your Ak-Baba with colour and shading.

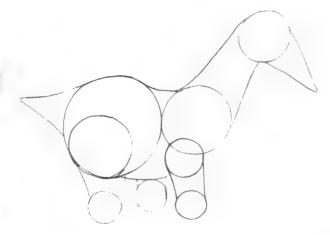




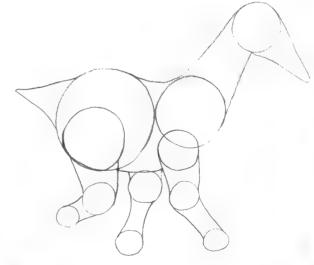




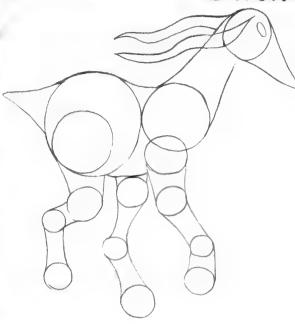
- Draw two circles, one bigger than the other. Add a smaller one above them. Join the circles with connecting lines and add a triangle for the stumpy tail.
- Add more circles as indicated. Draw another triangle for the nose.

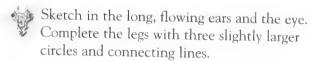


Join each lower circle to the circle above it, for the top of the three legs.



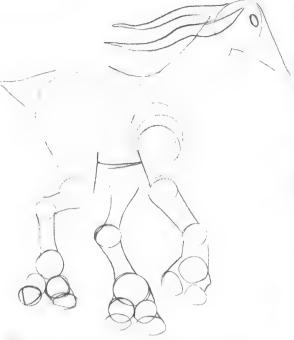
Extend the legs using three more small circles and connecting lines.







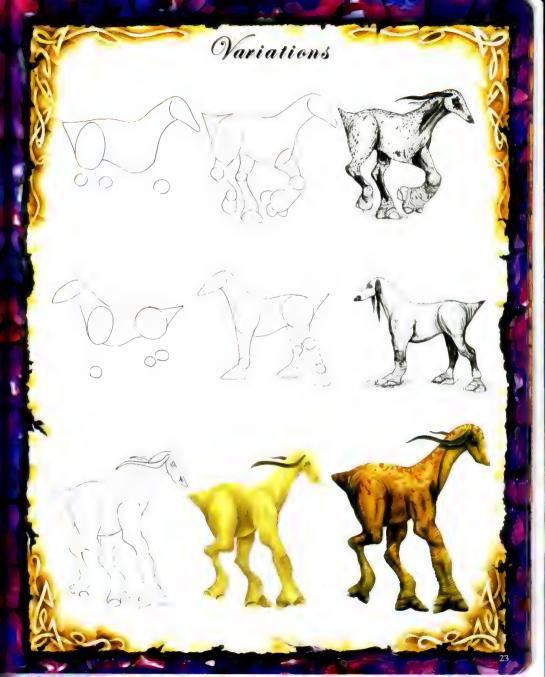
Give more definition to the overall body shape. Colour in your Muddlet, and remember: Work on the eye, ears and feet. Add richly patterned skin, like a zebra, a tiger or even a leaf pattern—your choice!



Draw some light circles for the large shoulder and hip muscles. Think about how your muddlet moves and the way the skin wrinkles around the knees. Develop the two-toed feet.



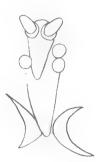
each Muddlet is different. Be creative.

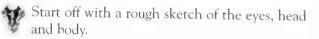




The stomachs are then pierced and eggs laid inside them.

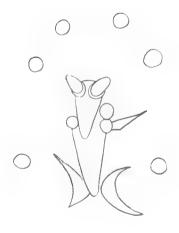


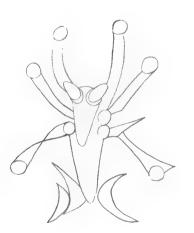






Add small circles to the shoulder area, and sketch in the crescent-moon-shaped hips.

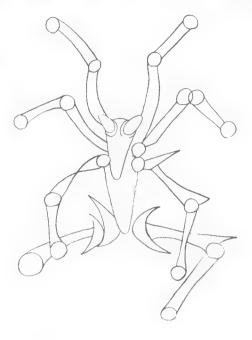


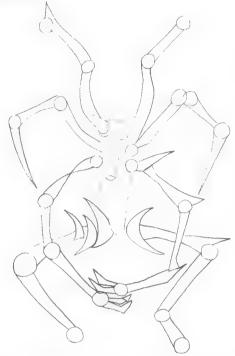


🚲 Add six small circles, spaced around the body like juggling balls. These will become the arms and legs.

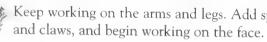


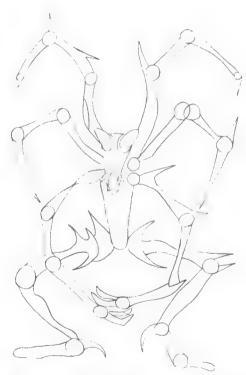
Join these six circles to the body, and draw a smaller crescent-moon shape on the right hip.



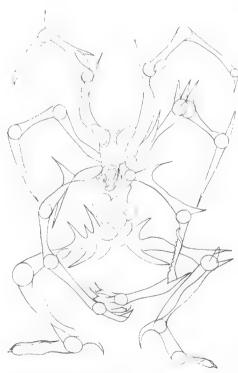


Add more circles and lines for the arms and legs. Keep working on the arms and legs. Add spikes





Complete the feet. Finish off the upper arms. Make sure you include all the spiky joints. Finish off the face.



Add more spikes, as shown. Draw in the creature's bunch of leathery, grape-like stomachs. (It can have between four and sixteen!)



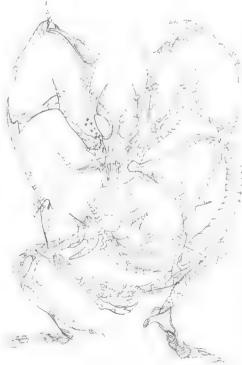
Draw jagged edges to the pincers of the middle arms and lower legs. Sketch in the long curved tail.



Finish off the face, head and tail. Add shading and any details you've missed.

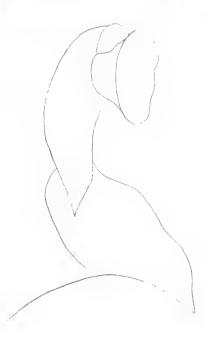


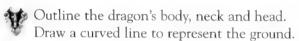
Add more detail to the face and head, as well as to the tail, knees and feet. Erase the circles at the various joints.

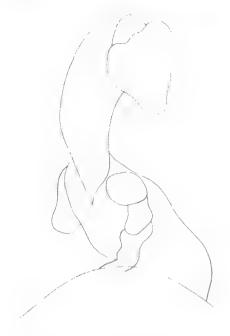


Use you imagination to colour your Sand Beast various shades of brown. You can look to nature for inspiration: butterflies, beetles or my favourite—sea creatures.

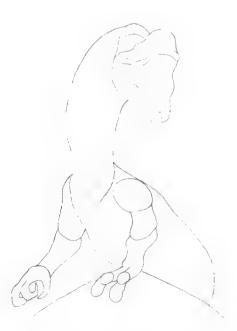








Draw a circle for the right shoulder then start the front legs. Add the top part of the left arm.



Add some detail to the mouth and head. Sketch in the rest of the arms. Draw in the claws, using circles for the knuckles.



Add a line to the neck. Work on the teeth and the eye, and the scaly bone over the eye. Add talons to the claws.





Draw in the long spines in a frill around the head.



Add detail to the neck segments. Add spikes to the upper arms and back, and begin the mighty wings. (I couldn't fit all of my dragon's wings on the page!)





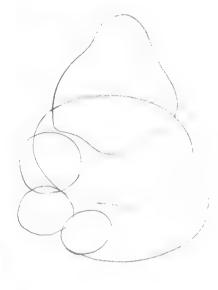
Add membranes to the wings, and work on the dragon's scaly skin. Add shading. Look at lizards and other animals with scales to get ideas for the skin texture.

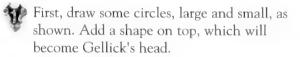


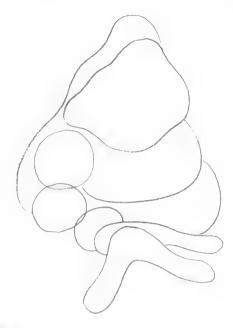
Sketch in the rocky ground, and add a background. Don't forget that dragons can be many different colours. Use your imagination to make up your very own dragon species.



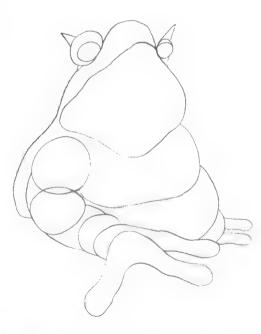








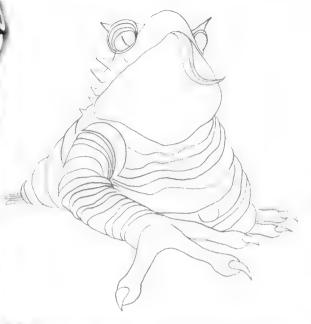
Add a line to the head shape for the almostclosed mouth. Outline the three-toed foot.

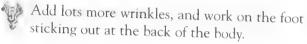


Sketch in the protruding eyes and the visible part of the left foot. Join the circles and outline the shape of the arm. Add triangular shapes to the top of the eyes.



Give the swollen stomach its wrinkles by adding cross-lines. Add claws to the toes. Draw in the sticky tongue and put some small spikes on Gellick's back. Build up the back part of the body.







Sketch in the treasure lying on the ground.
Add the wart-like bulges to Gellick's body and draw in the ridges under his chin.



Add more detail to the body and head. Shade the line of the mouth, and work on the eyes.

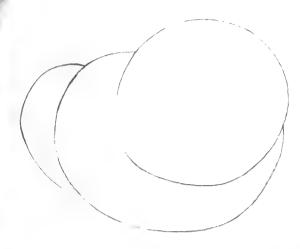


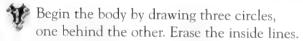
Add background. Colour Gellick's body in browns and yellows, with red and green markings on his arms.

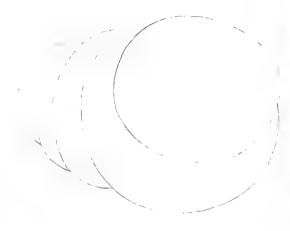




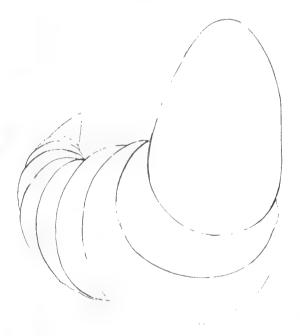
The Glus is a gigantic slug-like beast. Its lair is the Maze of the Beast, beneath Deltora's western sea. Sickly pale, and constantly on the hunt for food, it entraps prey by shooting sticky white threads from its mouth.







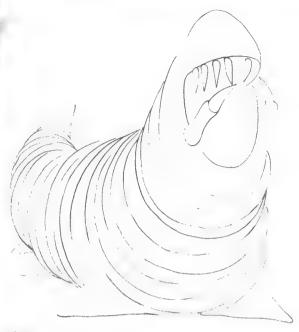
Add more circles for the long, slithery, slug-like body.



Draw a large egg shape for the head and draw a triangle shape at the back for the tail.

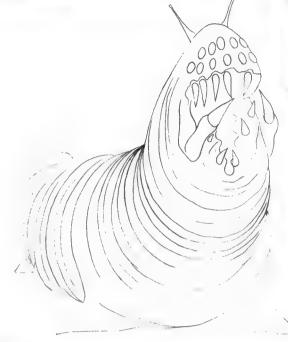


Add more rings and wrinkles to the body. Outline the gaping mouth.





Draw in the feet, the teeth and the fangs at the side of the mouth.



Develop the mouth. Add detail to the head, including the eye-stalks. Add more wrinkles.



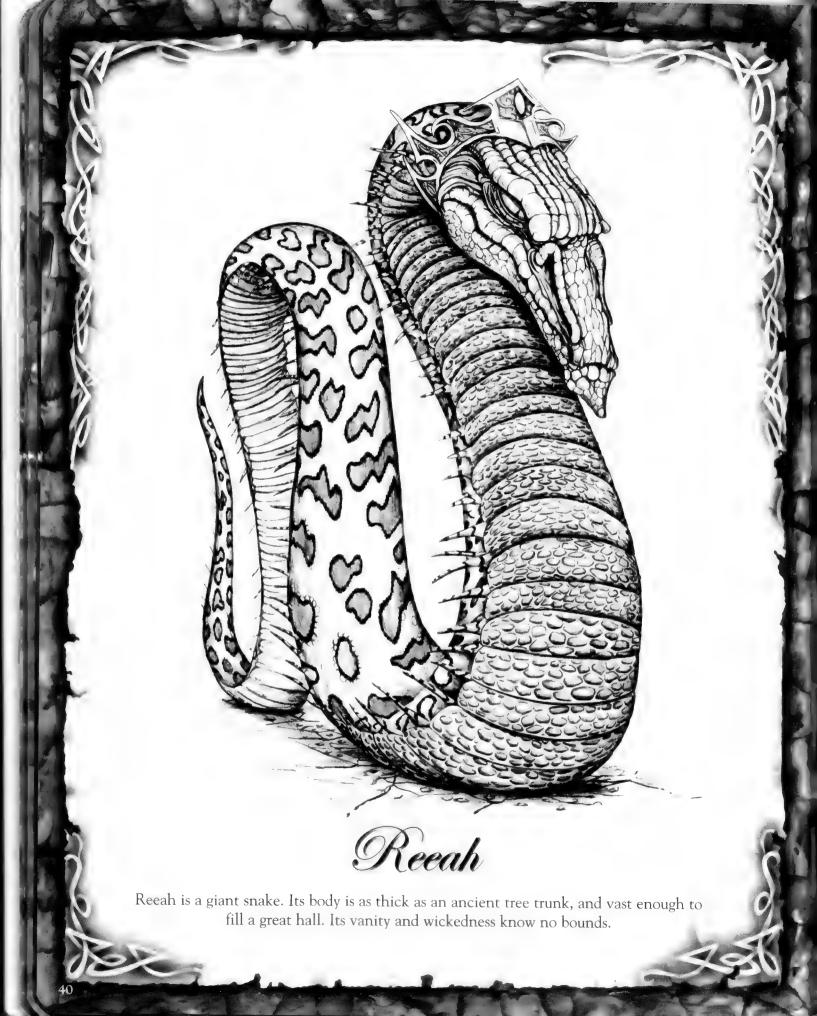


Keep working on the horrible mouth. Use shading to give it depth.

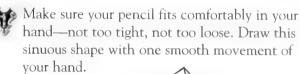


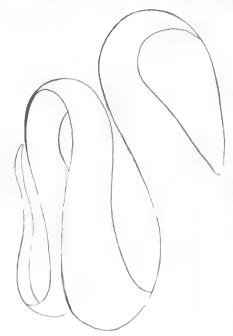
Colour your Glus—a very pale blue for the body and blood red for its huge mouth. You can emphasise the paleness of the body by adding a dark background—perhaps a gloomy cavern featuring stalagmites and stalactites.



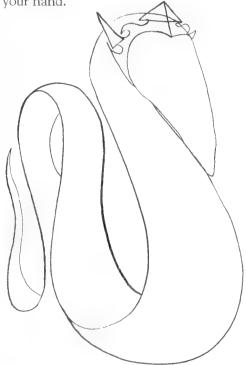




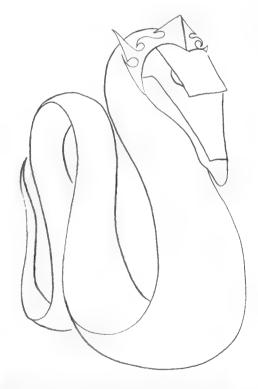




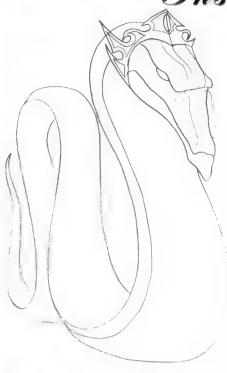
Make a rounded triangular shape for Reeah's head. Then outline the tail and body.

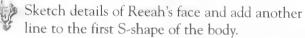


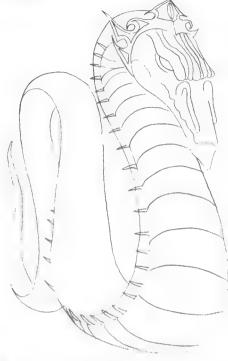
Use small triangles and wave shapes to create the outline of the crown.



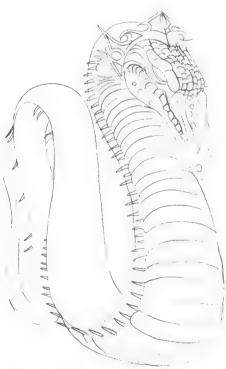
Draw in simple outlines to start off the face. Sketch a rough rectangle for the bony head.



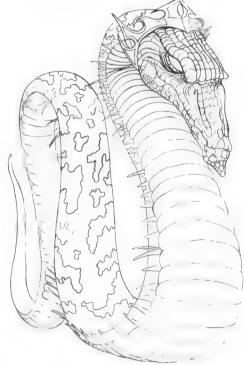




Add more details to the face and crown. Add rings to the front of the body, and small spines to the side.



Add more rings and spines. Keep working on the face and head, paying close attention to the scales.



Add pattern and texture your drawing. Finish off by giving Reeah a brown front, and dark green colouring with splashes of brown over the rest of the body.



# Colour Drawing



STEP 1.

- On a large sheet of paper or board, use your ruler to draw in the straight lines for the castle towers and triangular shapes for the turrets.
- Add small squares for the windows and draw a rough outline for the rocks in the foreground.
- 3 Sketch in six of the Ak-Baba in various positions around the castle to give depth—the seventh will be added in Step 8



## STEP 3

- Add darker greens and browns to the hills to give them more depth—but don't make them too dark
- The hills on the right of your painting should be lighter because they are further away
- 3 Using small brush strokes add in the darker detail of the trees to create a bit of texture to contrast with the smooth sky.



## STEP 2

- Add the blue sky. This will be the lightest part of your painting.
  The sky should be darker at the top of the page.
- 2. Paint in the green shapes for the hills in the background.
- 3. You can mix white with the green to highlight the tops of the hills.



## STEP 4

- 1 Look at different kinds of rocks and decide what your rocks in the foreground will look like.
- 2 Start with a relaxed, free hand and splash the paint on to build up texture. Like most random structures, rocks have a pattern that repeats itself.
- 3 Use a flat red to colour in the turret roofs. Add a little white so the red is not too bright

# Colour Drawing



## STEP 5

- Think about where the main light source is, and remember that
  the surface closest to the light is a lighter colour. Build up the
  cylindrical shape of the castle towers by shading with light grey.
- Add darker grey on the side away from the light to emphasise the roundness of the towers.
- Start to draw in the detail at the top of the towers and around the windows.



## STEP 7

- Colour in your Ak-Baba, starting on the largest one in the foreground. This will be the brightest Ak-Baba so you can use a bright orange for its body.
- This Ak-Baba's mouth will also need to be bright, so start with your brightest red and use lighter and darker reds for the detail in the mouth.
- Remember, to get bright colours, don't add any white or dilute them with water.



## STEP 6

- Finish off the castle by building up the shadows, but remember to be careful with the dark grey. Use less of it than the light grey.
- 2. Add texture to the castle walls.
- Draw in more details of the ornamentation around the windows and turrets by adding more shadows to the patterns.



## STEP 8

- Block in the other five Ak-Baba using base colours of your choice and add detail of patterns and shadows. Remember that anything further away gets lighter in colour, so these Ak-Babas should be lighter than those in front.
- Now you can see where to place the seventh Ak-Baba to add balance. The wings are the darkest part, so draw them in first.

## Colour Drawing



## STEP 9

- Colour the beak and jaws of the Ak-Baba in the foreground and work on the smaller Ak-Baba in the background.
- 2. Now your painting is nearly finished, you will notice that some areas work better than others. Think of the composition. The background should be the lightest part, so you can add clouds to make the sky lighter.
- The Ak-Baba in the foreground is the focal point. You can add more details and bright colours to make it stand out.
- Ak-Baba are very ferocious, so think of patterns and colours that look dangerous. Torn wing membranes make them look more vicious.

## STEP 10

- Adjust the colours to make things in the foreground stand out. Here the orange Ak-Baha stands out against its opposite colour, blue, in the sky. You can also make things in the background blurry so they seem further away: adding a fine mist of white achieves this effect.
- Now you can use a little black—bur very sparingly—to add depth to the shadows, particularly on those parts that are closest to us.
- And remember: you will know when your painting is finished, so don't overwork it!



